

Embedding Trust into the Network and 6G

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Agenda

- Motivation
- Two views
 - User centric view of trust
 - Network centric view of trust
- How to get there
- So, what is the challenge?



Boundary between digital and physical worlds in the new battleground

- 6G is about integration of sensing/communication and programming the world → digital + physical world crime can use it!
 - Already 5G is at the agenda of superpower politics.
 - 6G will be at the heart of it!
 - SDGs are about Global Cooperation → Enhancing trust is key to success!
- Vertical use cases: 5/6G is used in vertical markets to carry industrial data within control loops
 - New attack vectors; new types of crime!
 - Hacking -> physical world crime can be supported by networks more than before!
- Security=safety; only MNOs/ISPs could help by using cloud services

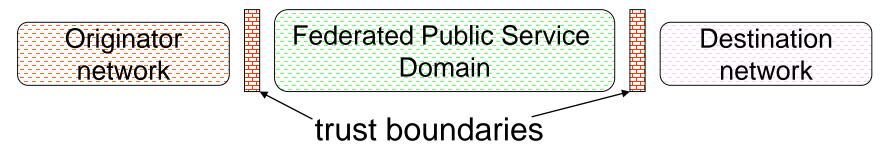


6G CyberSecurity threats – End to End

- 6G terminals/networks support high bitrates → powerful attack tools in the hands of hackers
- Vertical markets: boundary of physical/digital world, if hacked
 - Many critical infra use cases: industry, health, traffic...
 - Physical world crime can be supported by hacking
 - People can be killed by "accidents" that are hard to investigate
 - IoT manufacturers have a business interest to gain access to usage data high level of end-to-end security does not help in this, rather the opposite
 - Very attractive targets for Hybrid warfare!
- Classical Internet security threats: DDoS, Prefix hijacking, global kill switches in current Internet, ransomware, epionage etc.



User Centric view of embedding trust



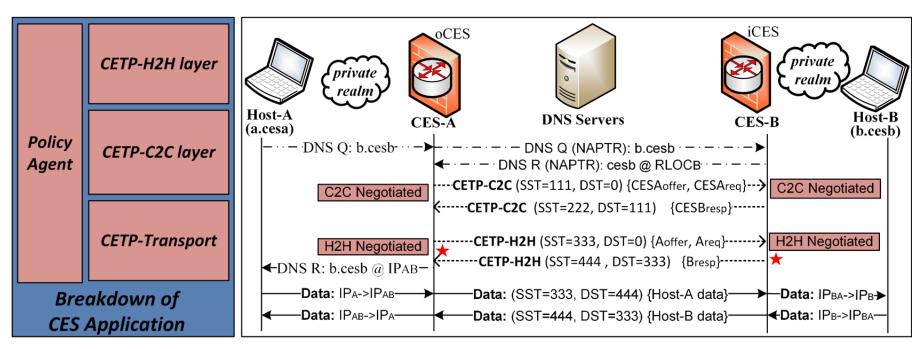
Originator and Destination are customer networks (stub networks in terms of IP routing)

Trust Boundary == cooperative firewall carries responsibility of the device behavior

- resides e.g. in telco cloud
- executes policies all flows are admitted by policy
- device level policies governed by users
- ISP/MNO level policies governed by the operator



Edge to edge policy negotiation



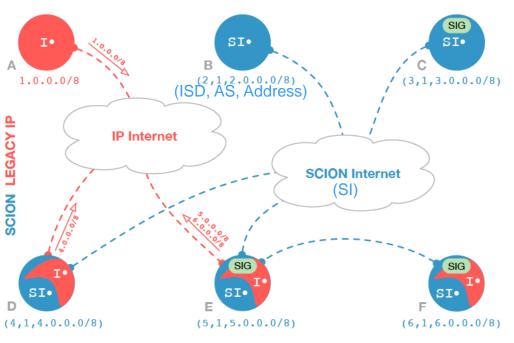
ITU-T has a very similar initial architecture in Y.3052 – Y.3053



Network centric view of embedding trust:

SCION is a proposed replacement for BGPv4 --> solution for the federated

public domain that could possibly be trusted



ISD – Isolation domain, AS – Autonomous System

SIG: Scion-IP Gateway

Source: Scion-book

Features

- Only local roots of trust → no global kill- switch
- 3 PKIS (Routes, Names, Devices)
- No Prefix hijacking
- AS-to-AS Source routing
- Immedidate multipath for all hosts
 → high availability services
- No Routing Table in Data plane stateless DP → low kWh
- On-demand operation with cached security keys, path segments etc.
- Trustworthy names
- No spoofing
- Authentication on packet level
- Embedded DDoS mitigation

Isolation in Networks Delivers Security

1:1 – client:service

Leased line, Ethernet circuit, MPLS path

N:1 – client:service

VPN (device based, network based), many implementations over routed IP 5G Network slice (wide area network zone)

N:M – client:service

Specialised network (NN term)

- Are not in current practise, but could be?
- About bringing the benefits of cloud style isolation into end to end services over mobile or other networks



Role of ISP/MNO in Embedding trust

- In SCION a set of core ASes set up an Isolation Domain and will manage Roots of Trust and Federation of Trust
- Reputation is used to filter traffic to/from suspect or malicious sources.
 - Efficient use of reputation requires sharing of evidence + evidence needs validation by trusted party
 - ISP/MNO could/should partner with security intelligence providers this knowledge can use used in policy validation, reputation based filtering, malicious behaviour detection etc.
- Mitigation needs a trustworthy party at the remote end serving the suspect/malicious host – can only be the serving ISP/MNO of the remote user
- ISP/MNO is best placed to run the Cloud based firewalling platform/software – <1ms additional delay.



Summary

- We can not program the world and carry on with routed
 IP as the wide area solution
 - —Too much new types of crime would be possible and societies would be too vulnerable
 - -6G will be even more at the center of world politics than 5G
- Mobile Network operators need to become federated trust operators
- Solution: integration of network and user centric trust into the networks → principle of vertical + horizontal isolation on the same L2 substrate



Thank You (Questions?)